

PEI CHUN PUBLIC SCHOOL PRIMARY 5 TERM 2 WEIGHTED ASSESSMENT 2025 SCIENCE Time: 40 min

Name: _____ ()

Class: Primary 5 / () _____

Date: 25 April 2025

Science Teacher: _____

SECTION A	18
SECTION B	12
TOTAL	30

Parent's Signature: _____

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

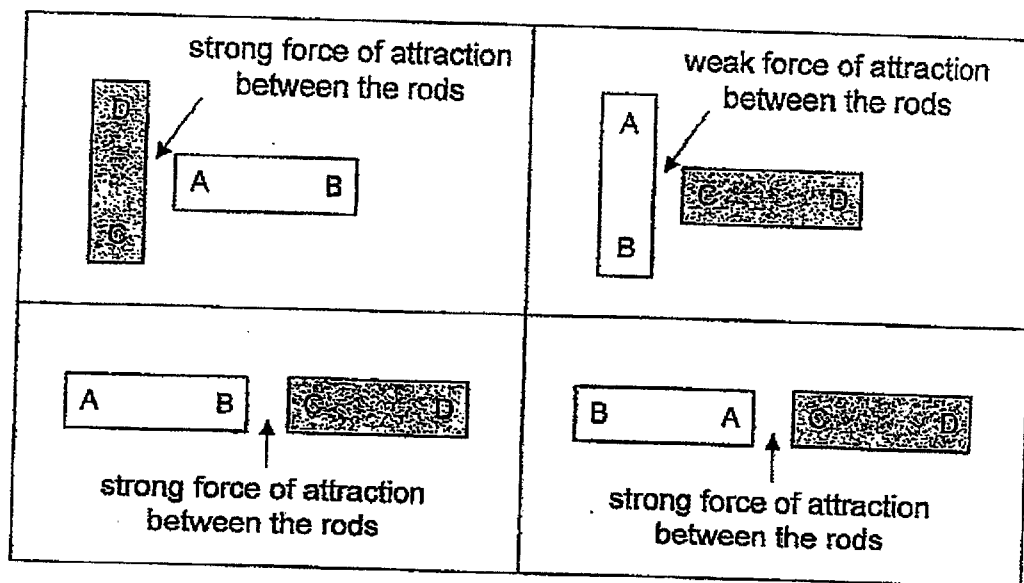
1. Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.
2. Follow all instructions carefully.
3. Answer all questions.
4. Write your answers in this booklet.

This booklet consists of **11** printed pages including the cover page.

Section A (9 × 2 marks)

For each question from 1 to 9, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make a choice (1, 2, 3 or 4) and write your answer in the brackets provided.

- 1 Danny had two similar metal rods AB and CD. He arranged the two rods in four different ways and the diagrams below show what he observed.



Which of the following best describes the two rods?

- (1) AB was a magnet and CD was a magnetic material.
- (2) AB was a magnetic material and CD was a magnet.
- (3) AB was a strong magnet and CD was a weak magnet.
- (4) AB was a weak magnet and CD was a strong magnet.

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- 2 Adam used a bar magnet to stroke a steel bar, PQ, repeatedly in the same direction as shown in Diagram 1. Diagram 2 shows the magnetic poles of PQ after it was magnetised.

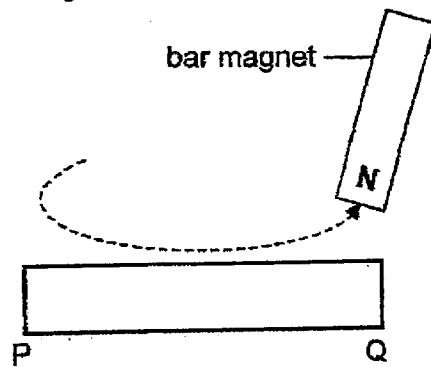


Diagram 1

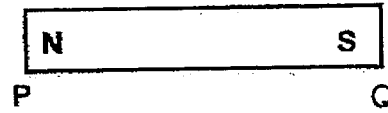


Diagram 2

Adam then magnetised steel bars, WX and YZ, as shown in Diagrams 3 and 4.

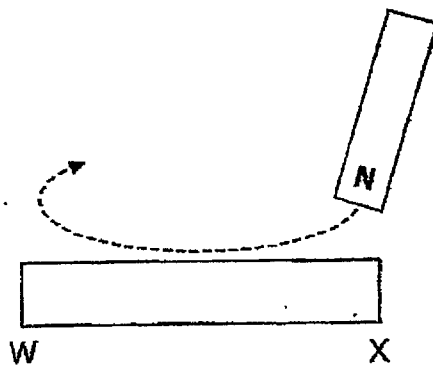


Diagram 3

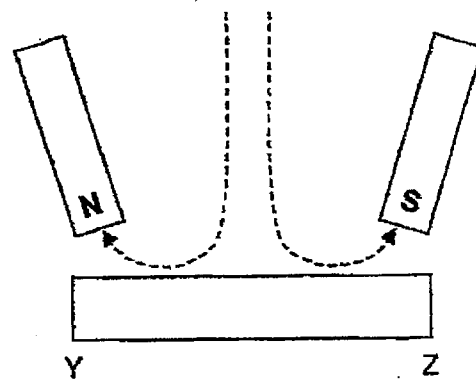


Diagram 4

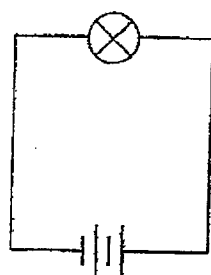
Which of the following shows the magnetic poles of bars WX and YZ?

(1)		
(2)		
(3)		
(4)		

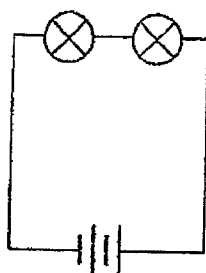
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Use the information below to answer questions 3 and 4.

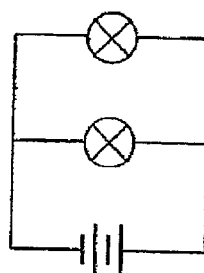
Charlene set up four electrical circuits, P, Q, R and S, using identical bulbs and batteries. The batteries and bulbs are all working properly.



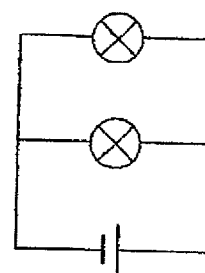
circuit P



circuit Q



circuit R



circuit S

- 3 Charlene wanted to investigate how the arrangement of bulbs will affect their brightness in a circuit.

Which circuits should she use to ensure a fair test?

- (1) P and R
- (2) Q and R
- (3) Q and S
- (4) P and S

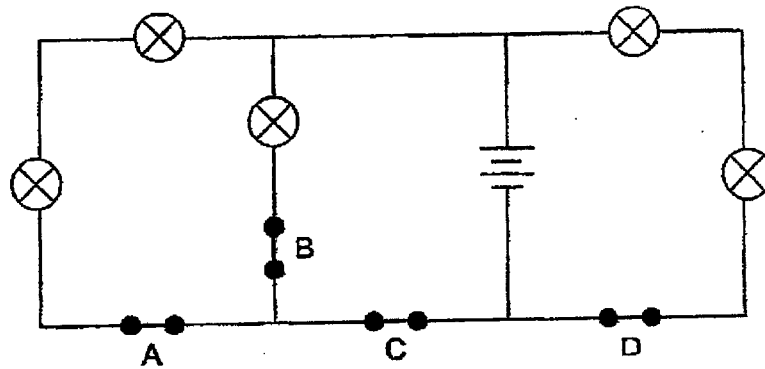
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- 4 Which of the following statements about the brightness of the bulbs is correct?

- (1) The bulb in circuit P is as bright as each bulb in circuit Q.
- (2) The bulb in circuit P is as bright as each bulb in circuit R.
- (3) Each bulb in circuit Q is brighter than each bulb in circuit P
- (4) Each bulb in circuit S is brighter than each bulb in circuit R.

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- 5 Ahmad set up a circuit as shown.



All five bulbs were lit when all four switches were closed.

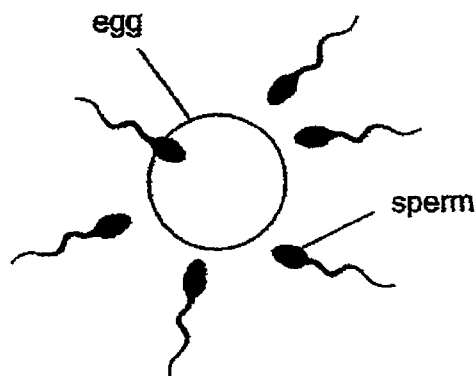
He wanted the **fewest** number of bulbs to be lit by opening one switch.

Which switch should he open?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

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- 6 The diagram below shows a process in human reproduction.

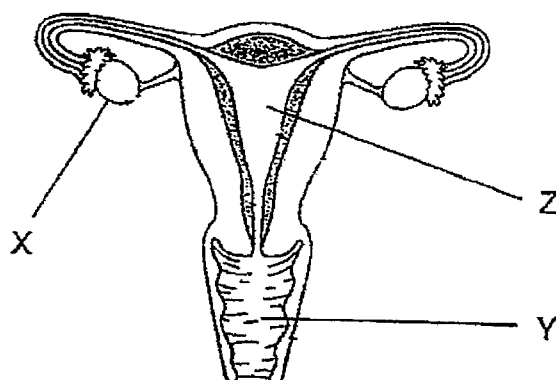


Which statement is **not** correct?

- (1) This process is fertilisation.
- (2) The sperm is produced in the testis.
- (3) This process takes place in the female's body.
- (4) Fusion of many sperms and an egg results in a fertilised egg.

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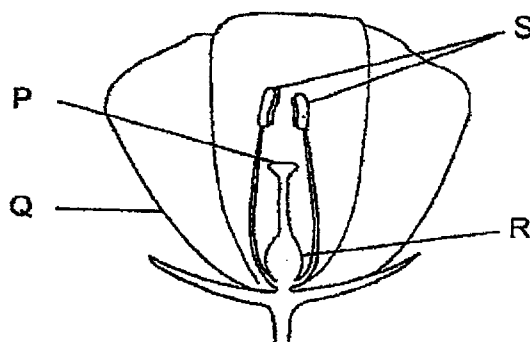
- 7 The diagram below shows the female reproductive system.



Which of the following is correct?

	Where eggs are produced	Where the fertilised egg develops into a baby
(1)	X	Y
(2)	X	Z
(3)	Z	X
(4)	Z	Y

- 8 Gillian conducted an experiment using a flower on a plant.

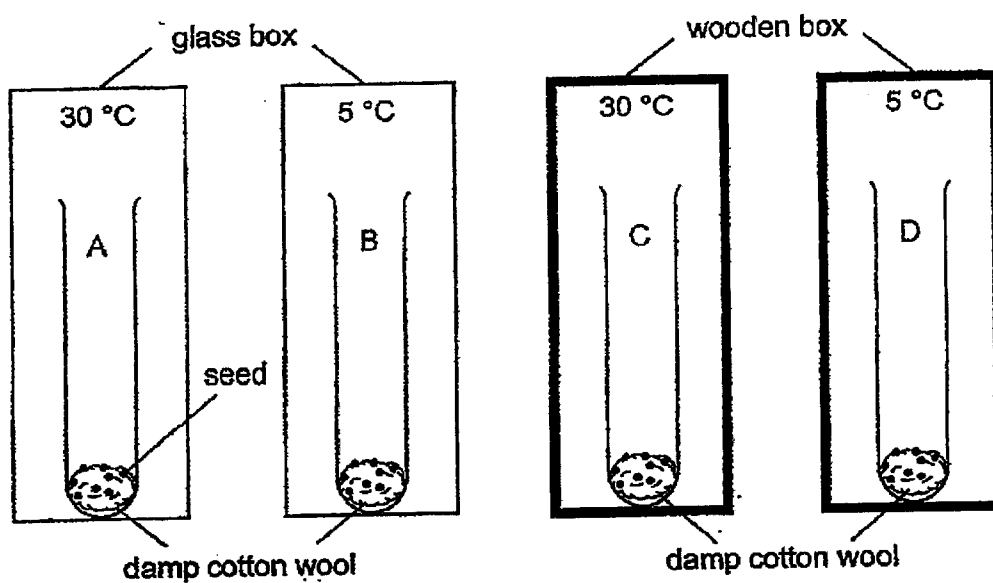


She removed two parts of the flower. After some time, she observed that the flower formed a fruit.

Which two parts of the flower did Gillian remove?

- (1) P and Q
- (2) P and R
- (3) Q and S
- (4) R and S

- 9 Seeds were placed in four identical tubes as shown in set-ups A, B, C and D. The tubes were kept at different temperatures.



In which set-ups would the seeds most likely germinate?

- (1) A and B
- (2) A and C
- (3) B and D
- (4) C and D

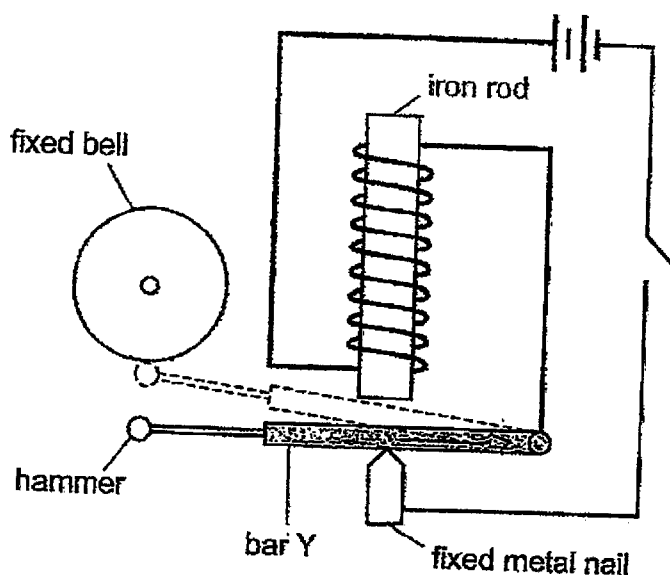
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End of Section A

Section B (12 marks)

For questions 10 to 13, write your answers in the spaces provided. The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

- 10 Kumar set up a doorbell as shown. Bar Y is an iron bar with a hammer at one end and rests on a fixed metal nail. It can swing up and down.



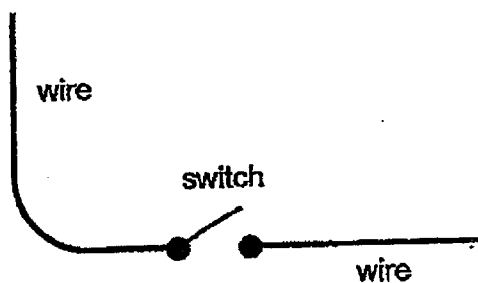
- (a) Explain why the hammer struck the bell when Kumar closed the switch. [1]
- _____
- _____
- (b) Once the hammer has struck the bell, Kumar observed that bar Y moved down. Explain why bar Y moved down. [1]
- _____
- _____
- (c) Without changing or moving the bell and the hammer, suggest a change to the set-up to produce a louder sound when the hammer struck the bell. [1]
- _____
- _____

- 11 Junjie set up a circuit with three identical bulbs. All the bulbs lit up only when the switch was closed.

Junjie removed one light bulb from the circuit each time and observed what happened to the rest of the bulbs. His observations are recorded in the table below.

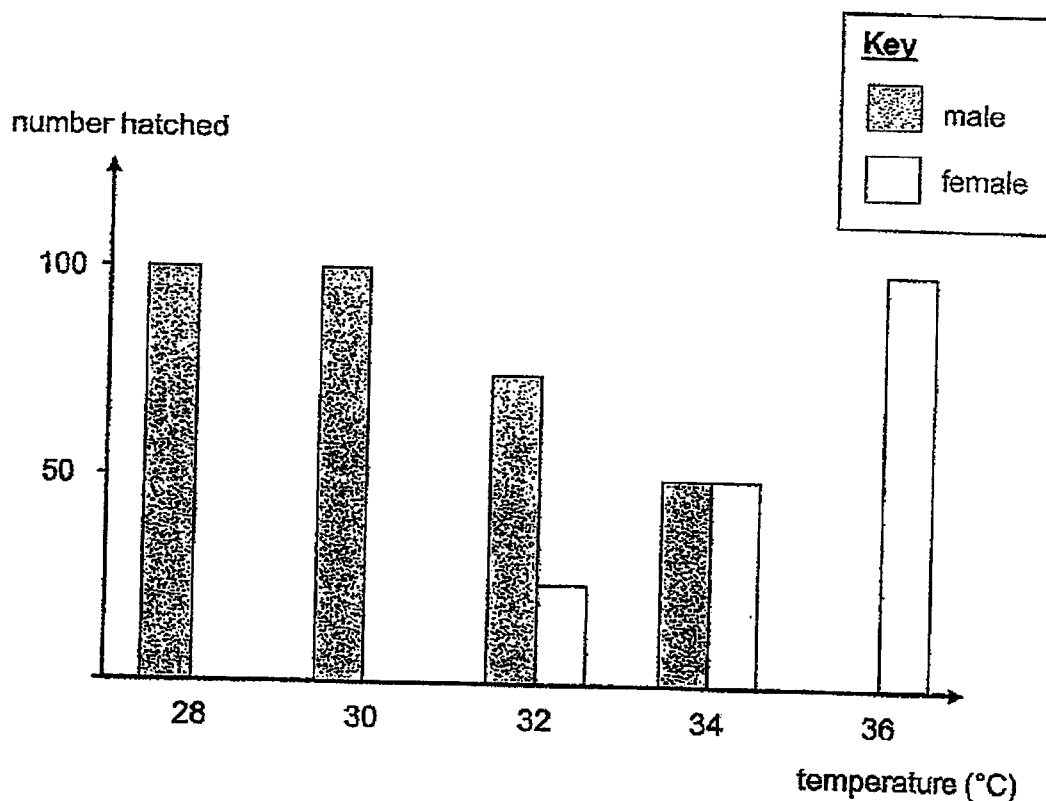
Bulb removed	Bulb(s) lit
A	none
B	A and C
C	A and B

The diagram below shows part of the circuit. Using a pencil, complete the circuit so that it will work as described. [3]



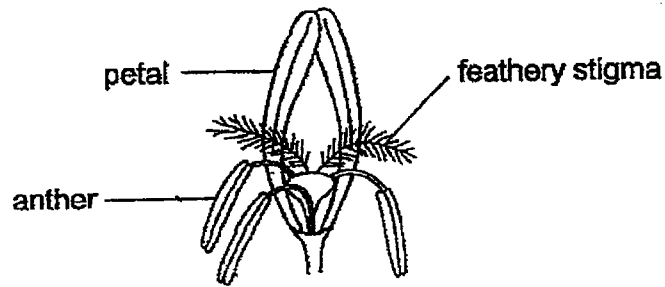
SCORE	
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- 12 Devi kept 100 eggs of animal T at 28 °C and counted the number of male and female animal T that hatched from the eggs. She repeated her experiment at different temperatures. Her results are shown below.



State the temperature at which the eggs of animal T should be kept to ensure the continuity of its kind. Explain your answer. [2]

13 The diagram below shows a flower of plant M.



- (a) Plant M grows in windy places.
Describe how the wind helps in its reproduction.

[1]

- (b) The diagram below shows a seed of plant M.



- (i) State the part of the flower that the seed developed from.

[1]

- (ii) Explain how the stiff hair on the seed helps in its dispersal.

[1]

- (iii) State how dispersal of seeds benefits young plants M.

[1]

End of Section B

SCORE	
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YEAR : 2025
LEVEL : PRIMARY 5
SCHOOL: PEI CHUN
SUBJECT: SCIENCE
TERM : TERM 2 WEIGHTED ASSESSMENT

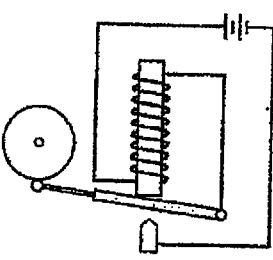
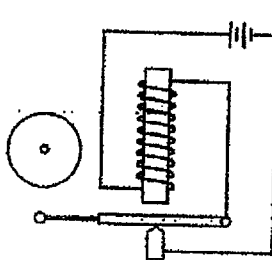
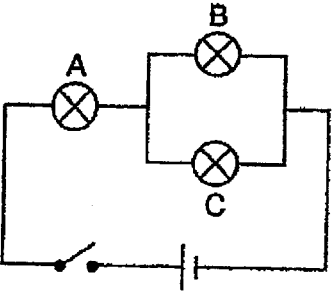
(BOOKLET A)

Q1	1	Q2	4	Q3	2	Q4	2	Q5	3
Q6	4	Q7	2	Q8	3	Q9	2		

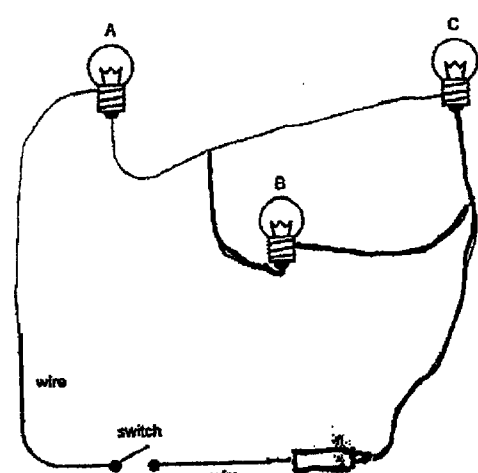
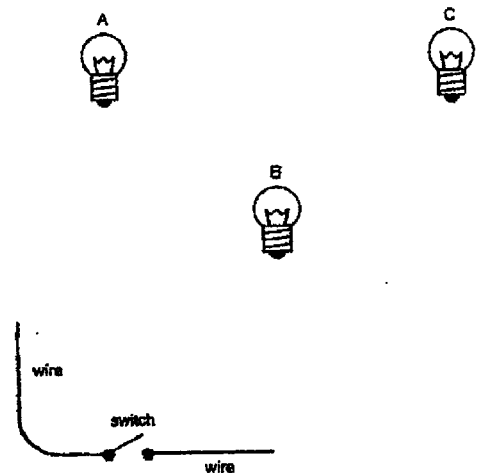
Pei Chun Public School
Primary 5 Science
Term 2 Weighted Assessment 2025
Corrections

Name: _____ ()

Class: Primary 5 / ()

10 a)	Concepts: - When an electromagnet is switched on, the core is magnetised. - Iron is a magnetic material. The iron rod was an electromagnet and it was _____ magnetised _____ when the circuit was closed. Thus, the iron rod _____ attracted _____ bar Y.
b)	Concept: Electric current does not flow in an open circuit. When bar Y moved up, there was a gap between bar Y and the metal nail. Thus, the circuit became open.  When bar Y moved down, bar Y touched the metal nail again. Thus, the circuit became closed again.  The circuit was _____ open _____, so the iron rod was _____ demagnetised _____. The iron could no longer attract bar Y, so bar Y moved down.
c)	Concept: Factors that affect the strength of an electromagnet Increase the number of _____ turns/coils _____ of wire in the coil around the iron rod. / Increase the number of _____ batteries _____ used in the circuit. (The electromagnet would be stronger and would attract bar Y with a greater force. Thus, the hammer would hit the bell with a greater force.)
11	 1. There is an energy source (battery) in the circuit. 2. The metal casing and metal tip of each bulb are connected to circuit. 3. Bulbs B and C are arranged in parallel so that electric current flows through a different path to each bulb. 4. The bulbs will only light up when the switch is closed.

7
1

Correction	Re-correction (if need be)
	
12. Concept: <i>Living things reproduce to ensure the continuity of its own kind.</i> From <u>32</u> °C to <u>34</u> °C. There will be both <u>male</u> and <u>female</u> animals T for <u>reproduction</u> to take place.	
13 a) Concept: <i>Pollination is the transfer to pollen grains from the anther to the stigma.</i> The wind helps <u>transfer</u> the pollen grains from the <u>anther</u> to the <u>stigma</u> of a flower.	
b) i) Concept: <i>After fertilisation, the ovules in the ovary start developing into seeds. The ovary enlarges and becomes the fruit.</i> <u>ovule</u>	
ii) Concept: <i>Animals help in the dispersal of seeds.</i> The stiff hair helps the seed <u>cling on</u> to the <u>hair / fur</u> of an animal and the seed <u>falls off</u> when the animal <u>move</u> away from the parent plant.	
iii) Concept: <i>Seed dispersal increases the chances of survival for the young plants.</i> Dispersal of seeds <u>prevents overcrowding</u> and reduces <u>competition</u> between the parent plant and the young plants for <u>sunlight</u>, <u>water</u>, <u>mineral</u> salts and space.	

2
END